Chapter 2

Chapter 3

Result evaluation indicator

No.	Indicator	Actual value	Target value		
	g and community				
	trategy 1 Creative strategy for local welfare				
	Creation of a mutually supportive environment to prevent residents' isolation	42.49( (2040)	FE9( (2000)		
1	Ratio of residents who do not worry about dying alone	43.1% (2010)	55% (2022)		
2	Ratio of neighborhood associations that have a welfare promotion committee	53.6% (2011)	59% (2022)		
1-2.0	Creation of an environment where community-based welfare services are provided	Ι	[		
3	Ratio of senior citizens who have no one to consult on livelihood, health or welfare problems	27.0% (2010)	20% (2022)		
4	Ratio of people who think the city has an environment where people with disabilities can easily live in local communities	28.1% (2012)	60% (2022)		
1-3. 0	Creation of local disaster prevention systems				
5	Ratio of families that are prepared for disasters	72.8% (2012)	80% (2022)		
6	Ratio of volunteer disaster prevention groups that are engaged in activities in preparation for disasters	84.6% (2012)	95% (2022)		
Creative s	trategy 2 Creative strategy for a symbiotic society	•			
2-1. 0	Creation of symbiotic local communities				
7	Ratio of people who think the city has an environment where people with disabilities can easily live in local communities (same as creative strategy 1, no. 4)	28.1% (2012)	60% (2022)		
8	Activity factor of senior citizens (ratio of senior citizens who are engaged in social contribution activities)	57.8% (2012)	70% (2022)		
9	Number of people who have shifted from work at job assistance facilities to ordinary work	231 (2011)	300 (2022)		
2-2.0	Freation of an environment where children and youth are nurtured and supported by society a	s a whole	1		
10	Ratio of residents who find it easy to raise children in the city	55.2% (2012)	80% (2022)		
11	The number of children waiting to get in to day care facilities	757 (2013)	0 (2015 – 2022)		
2-3.0	Treation of a walker-friendly city		, , ,		
12	Ratio of people who are satisfied with the living environment in local communities	80.1% (2012)	95% (2022)		
13	Number of users of public transportation	1.08 million/day (2012)	1.1 million/day (202		
Creative s	trategy 3 Creative strategy for local management				
	Creation of an environment where local activities are revitalized				
14	Ratio of participants in neighborhood associations	71.1% (2012)	75% (2022)		
15	Number of NPOs based in the city	857 (2012)	1,300 (2022)		
	Promotion of local community management	007 (2012)	1,000 (2022)		
16	Ratio of residents who have participated in city development activities	41.8% (2012)	85% (2022)		
		. ,	. ,		
17	Ratio of participants in neighborhood associations (same as creative strategy 3, no. 14)	71.1% (2012)	75% (2022)		
3-3. F	romotion of life in harmony with the snowy climate   Number of groups that have participated in collaborative efforts related to winter life in communities	1,096 (2012)	1,400 (2022)		
19	Ratio of residents who participate in winter sports	11.7% (2012)	25% (2022)		
_	stry and vitality		2070 (2022)		
	rategy 4 Creative strategy for industries distinctive to Sapporo				
	Advancement of industries capitalizing on attractive foods	005.2 hillion	240 hilling		
20	Shipment value of products by food manufacturers	205.3 billion yen (2012)	240 billion yen (202		
21	Gross added value by food manufactures	78.2 billion yen (2012)	94 billion yen (202		
	Inified efforts for the development of an attractive city and tourism promotion	<b>07 0</b> 0/ 100 100			
22	Satisfaction level as a tourist spot (ratio of people who say they are satisfied)	27.0% (2012)	40% (2022)		
23	Total tourism consumption in Sapporo	374.3 billion yen (2012)	470 billion yen (202		
24	Annual number of visitors	13.04 million (2012)	15 million (2022)		
4-3. 0	4-3. Creation of an environmental industry in line with changes in energy policy				
	Ratio of companies that say they will be engaged in the development of new products	E0 40/ (0040)	759/ (2022)		
25	and technologies or advance into a new field	58.1% (2012)	75% (2022)		

No.	Indicator	Actual value	Target value
4-4. C	reation of health/welfare industries corresponding to the super-aged society		
27	Ratio of companies that say they will be engaged in the development of new products and technologies or advance into a new field (same as creative strategy 4, no. 25)	58.1% (2012)	75% (2022)
28	Sales of the biotechnology industry	31.3 billion yen (2011)	73 billion yen (2022)
Creative s	trategy 5 Creative strategy for city branding		
	ctive implementation of international strategies to attract vitality from overseas		
29	Ratio of companies engaged in globalization	8.7% (2012)	45% (2022)
30	Number of international conferences hosted	83 (2011)	120 (2022)
	reativity for making innovation happen		
31	Ratio of companies that consider using IT/contents to create high added value	13.2% (2012)	20% (2022)
32	Number of people engaged in the creative industry	37,390 (2009)	39,000 (2022)
	trengthening of wide-area collaboration networks and the improvement of the investment env		
33	Exports from the wide-area economic zone including Sapporo	183.8 billion yen (2011)	200 billion yen (2022)
34	Number of companies that have entered Sapporo as the result of measures to attract companies	Accumulated total: 80 (2012)	Accumulated total: 17 (2022)
5-4 A	ctive implementation of city promotion strategies	(====)	(====)
	Satisfaction level as a tourist spot (ratio of people who say they are satisfied) (same as		
35	creative strategy 4, no. 22)	27.0% (2012)	40% (2022)
36	Annual number of visitors (same as creative strategy 4, no. 24)	13.04 million (2012)	15 million (2022)
Creative s	trategy 6 Creative strategy for industrial human resources		
6-1. D	evelopment and utilization of creative human resources for the future		
37	Ratio of people who think the city has an environment suited for children to experience nature, society and culture	63.9% (2012)	70% (2022)
38	Number of international students from overseas	1,813 (2011)	3,400 (2022)
6-2. R	ealization of a society where everyone can be active	, , ,	, , ,
39	Ratio of people who think they have a good work-life balance	47.4% (2012)	70% (2022)
40	Employment rate of women	46.0% (2007)	60% (2022)
on 3 Low	carbon society and energy conversion		
	trategy 7 Creative strategy for a low carbon city		<u> </u>
	econstruction toward a sustainable compact city		
41	Floor-area ratio <sup>44)</sup> in the city center	219% (2011)	250% (2022)
42	Floor-area ratio at local exchange zones	93% (2011)	105% (2022)
	Establishment of an eco-friendly transportation system that supports various activities	00/0 (2011)	
43	Level of satisfaction with public transportation	74.7% (2012)	90% (2022)
44	Number of users of public transportation (same as creative strategy 2, no. 13)	1.08 million/day	1.1 million/day (2022)
		(2012)	
7-3. P	romotion of the development of a verdant city that coexists with nature	1	1
45	Level of understanding of biodiversity	33.1% (2011)	70% (2022)
46	Size of green areas conserved	21,422 ha (2012)	21,800 ha (2022)
Creative s	trategy 8 Creative strategy for next-generation energy		
8-1. P	romotion of next-generation energy systems		
47	Electricity generated by solar power	10 million kWh (2011)	440 million kWh (2022
48	Electricity generated by dispersed power system	200 million kWh (2011)	400 million kWh (2022
8-2. lr	dependent energy network		
49	Number of buildings connected to networks in the city center	106 (2012)	124 (2022)
8-3. P	romotion of residents/companies' efforts to reduce loads on the environment		
50	Ratio of people engaged in eco-friendly activities	61% (2012)	90% (2022)
51	Power demand <sup>45)</sup>	9.4 billion kWh (2012)	8.6 billion kWh (2022)
8-4. C	reation of a recycling-oriented society		
52	Ratio of households engaged in garbage reduction/recycling (draining, composting, others)	87.5% (2012)	95% (2022)

<sup>44)</sup> Floor-area ratio: the ratio of the target zone area to total floor area of buildings in the zone <sup>45)</sup> Power demand: the amount of power supplied by Hokkaido Electric Power Co., Inc. to residents and companies

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